## TAXPAYER CARRYOVER CERTIFICATION

WHEREAS, allocations of housing credit dollar amounts by state housing credit agencies must, as a general rule, be made not later than the close of the calendar year in which a building is placed in service; and

WHEREAS, Section 42(h)(1)(E)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") provides an exception (the "10% Basis Exception") to the general rule and permits the Louisiana Housing Finance Agency acting as the State of Louisiana's Housing Credit Agency (the "Agency") to allocate low income housing credits ("Credits") to a "qualified building" which is placed in service not later than the close of the second calendar year following the calendar year in which the allocation is made; and

WHEREAS, Section 42(h)(1)(E)(ii) defines a qualified building for purposes of Section 42(h)(1)(E)(i) as any building that is part of a project if the taxpayer's basis in the project (as of the end of the calendar year in which the allocation is made) is more than ten percent (10%) of the taxpayer's reasonably expected basis in the project (as of the end of the second calendar year succeeding the allocation year); and

WHEREAS, Treasury Regulations at 26CFR 1.42-6 ("Carryover Regulations") provide that the housing credit agency may allocate the Credits under section 42(h)(1)(E) of the Code, provided the housing credit agency verifies that more than 10 percent of the reasonably expected basis in the project has, in fact, been incurred by the taxpayer within six months following the close of the calendar year in which the allocation is made; and

WHEREAS, the Carryover Regulations provide for how the Agency must verify reasonably expected basis (land and depreciable basis); and

WHEREAS, for purposes of determining whether the 10% Basis Exception applies, the following basis rules (the "Carryover Allocation Basis Rules") shall apply:

- (1) Basis means the adjusted basis of land and depreciable real property, whether or not such amounts are includable in eligible basis. Thus, for example, if the project is to include property that is not residential rental property, such as commercial space, the basis attributable to the commercial space, although not includable in eligible basis, is includable in carryover-allocation basis. The adjusted basis of land and depreciable real property is determined under sections 1012 and 1026 of the Code, and generally includes the direct and indirect costs of acquiring, constructing and rehabilitating the property. Costs otherwise includable in carryover-allocation basis are not excluded by reason of having been incurred prior to the calendar year in which the carryover allocation is made.
- 2) Limitations For purposes of determining carryover-allocation basis under paragraph (1) above, the following limitations apply:

- (i) Taxpayer must have basis in land or depreciable property related to the project. A taxpayer has carryover allocation basis to the extent that it has basis in land or depreciable property and the land or depreciable property is reasonably expected to be part of the project which the carryover allocation is made. This basis includes all items that are properly capitalizable with respect to the land or depreciable property. For example, a non-refundable down payment for, or an amount paid to acquire an option to purchase land or depreciable property may be included in carryover allocation basis if properly capitalizable into the basis of land or depreciable property that is reasonably expected to be part of a project.
- (ii) <u>High cost areas</u>. Any increase in eligible basis that may result under section 42(d)(5)(C) from the projects location in a qualified census tract or difficult development area is <u>not</u> taken into account in determining carryover-allocation basis or reasonably expected basis.
- (iii) Amounts not treated as paid or incurred. An amount is not includable in carryover-allocation basis unless it is treated as paid or incurred under the method of accounting used by the taxpayer. For example, a cash method taxpayer cannot include construction costs in carryover-allocation basis unless the costs have been paid, and an accrual method taxpayer cannot include construction costs in carryover-allocation basis unless they have been properly accrued. See paragraph (2)(vi) below for a special rule for fees to be paid to related persons.
- (iv) Other fees. A fee is includable in carryover-allocation basis only to the extent the requirements of paragraph (iii) above are met and
  - (A) The fee is reasonable;
  - (B) The taxpayer is legally obligated to pay the fee;
  - (C) The fee is capitalized as part of the taxpayer's basis in land or depreciable real property that is expected to be part of the project;
  - (D) The fee is not paid (or to be paid) by the taxpayer to itself; and
  - (E) If the fee is paid (or to be paid) by the taxpayer to a related person and the taxpayer uses the cash method of accounting, the taxpayer could properly accrue the fee under the accrual method of accounting [including the rules of section 461(h)]. A person is a related person if the person bears a relationship to the taxpayer specified in sections 267(b) or 707(b)(1), or the person and the taxpayer are engaged in trades or businesses under common control (within the meaning of

## subsections (a) and (b) of section 52).

(3) Reasonably expected basis. Rules similar to the rules of paragraphs (1) and (2) above apply in determining the taxpayer's reasonably expected basis in the project (land and depreciable basis) as of the end of the required measuring period.

WHEREAS, the undersigned taxpayer (the "Taxpayer") has requested that the credits previously reserved for each building (the "Building") contained in the Tax Credit Application for the project specified therein (the "Project") be allocated under the 10% Basis Exception; and

WHEREAS, the Agency will allocate credits to each building under the 10% Basis Exception upon the due authorization and execution by the Taxpayer of this Taxpayer Carryover Certification and the delivery of the same to the Agency; subject, however, to the Taxpayer providing the Agency evidence that the Taxpayer has, in fact, incurred capitalized costs in accordance with the Carryover Regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Agency has determined to verify that the Taxpayer has incurred adequate basis by requiring that the Taxpayer obtain (i) an opinion from an attorney (the "Attorney Opinion") or (ii) from a Certified Public Accountant a written certification to the Agency ("CPA Certificate"), each or either stating that the Attorney or the Accountant has examined all eligible costs incurred with respect to the project and that, based upon this examination, it is the Attorney's or the Accountant's belief that the Taxpayer has incurred more than ten percent (10%) of the Taxpayer's reasonably expected basis in the project by , 200 .

NOW, THEREFORE, THE UNDERSIGNED TAXPAYER CERTIFIES TO THE AGENCY AS FOLLOWS:

- Section 1. The preamble and specifically the Basis Rules outlined in the preamble of this Taxpayer Carryover Certification have been reviewed by Taxpayer and applied by the Taxpayer to certify the following information:
  - (a) The name of the Project as contained in the Tax Credit Application Package to the Agency is:
  - (b) The Credits reserved by the Agency and the address (or specific description of location) of <u>each building</u> in the project is as follows:

Reserved			
Credits	<b>Street Address</b>	City	Zip Code

(c)	The name, address and taxpayer identification number of the Taxpayer receiving the allocation is as follows:
	NAME:
	ADDRESS:
	TAXPAYER ID#
(d)	The Taxpayer's total reasonably expected basis in the project (land and depreciable basis) as of the end of 200 is:
	\$ (the "Reasonably Expected Basis").
(e)	The Taxpayer's basis in the project (land and depreciable basis) as of the end of , 200 is \$* (the "Current Basis")
(f)	The Current Basis of the Project is% of the Reasonably Expected Basis.
(g)	Each building is expected to be placed in service on the following dates: (Use building numbers assigned by the Agency.)

		Building #	Expected Placed in Service Date	e
	(h)		xpenditures with respect to	
		each building will e (10%) of the adjust beginning of the 24 Calculation of Qual	etion 42(e); i.e. the rehability qual the greater of \$3,000 sted basis of the applicable 4 month period utilized by diffied Basis Form contained to Application Package.	per unit or ten percent le building as of the y the Taxpayer in the
Section 2.	buildin		ges that a Form 8609 wi en the Taxpayer returns a F building.	
Section 3.	under in along vibuildin	10% Basis Exceptio with Form 8609 iss g is placed in servic	a copy of the Agency's "Cen" will be filed with the Tued to the taxpayer during and that each Form 8609 the credit is claimed.	Taxpayer's tax returns ng the year that each
Section 4.	42(b)(2) the Ag	(2)(a)(ii) and in accordency to use the app	ges that the Taxpayer edance with the forms and doropriate percentage for a ing is placed in service.	locuments required by
Section 5.	A	ed hereto is (check of attorney Opinion PA Certificate	one or both):	

Section 6.	change or rep contained in remains true a	process the Ap nd corre submit	wledges and certifies that there had ing change in the Project and the plication for the Project's reservated. If there has occurred any reproted an amendment to the Application.	at the informati tion of tax cred cessing change, the	ion lits his
			e day of nesses, under penalty of perjury.	, 200 and in t	the
presence of the und	ersigned compete	ziii wili	lesses, under penalty of perjury.		
			Taxpayer Name		
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